



GARISSA UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION **2017/2018** ACADEMIC YEAR **ONE**
FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION, ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: STA 111

COURSE TITLE: INTRODUCTION TO PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS I

EXAMINATION DURATION: 3 HOURS

DATE: 06/12/17

TIME: 09.00-12.00 PM

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

- **The examination has SIX (6) questions**
- **Question ONE (1) is COMPULSORY**
- **Choose any other THREE (3) questions from the remaining FIVE (5) questions**
- **Use sketch diagrams to illustrate your answer whenever necessary**
- **Do not carry mobile phones or any other written materials in examination room**
- **Do not write on this paper**

This paper consists of FIVE (5) printed pages

please turn over



QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY)

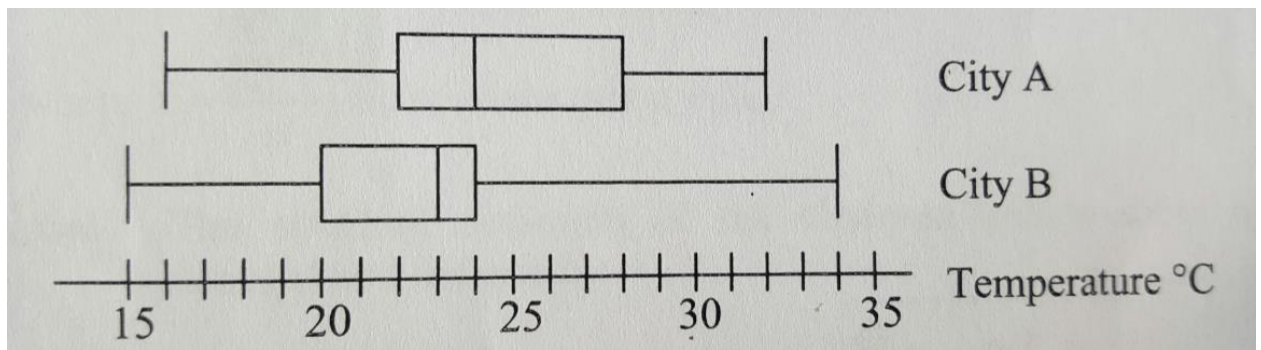
- (a) Differentiate between descriptive and inferential statistics [2 marks]
- (b) List two advantages of conducting a sample survey instead of a census. [2 marks]
- (c) Data monthly rainfall, in cm, over a period of 15 months

J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M
30	35	38	45	50	56	44	34	31	37	39	29	33	36	40

Find the mode, median and the inter quartile range. [4 marks]

- (d) In a class of 20 pupils, the mean height of 12 boys is 1.6m and the mean height of 8 girls is 1.5m. Determine the mean height of all the pupils. [3 marks]

- (e) The following Box-and-whisker plots record the daily temperatures in the month of January at two cities some distance apart.



- i. Which city recorded the highest temperatures
 - ii. Which city could be described as the ‘hotter’ of the two and why
 - iii. Which city recorded the greater range of temperatures
 - iv. Which city had had the more variable temperature [5 marks]
- (f) 60% of all households in a city subscribe to the Star Newspaper, while 80% subscribe to the Nation and 50% subscribe to both papers. A household is selected at random. What is the probability that it subscribes to:
 - i. At least one of the two papers [2 marks]
 - ii. Exactly one of the two papers [2 marks]
- (g) In a small town, the probability that a woman attends a family planning clinic is 0.4 and the probability that her husband attends the clinic is 0.1. The probability that a husband attends the clinic given that his wife does is 0.8. Find the probability that
 - i. both husband and wife attend clinic [1 mark]
 - ii. the wife will attend the clinic given that the husband does [2 marks]
 - iii. at least one of the two persons attends clinic [2 marks]



QUESTION TWO

- (a) Distinguish between the following terms as used in statistics **[6 marks]**
 - i. Primary data and Secondary data
 - ii. A parameter and a statistic
 - iii. Skewness and kurtosis
- (b) Distinguish between simple random sampling and systematic random sampling. **[2 marks]**
- (c) Pearson’s measure of skewness of a distribution is 0.5. Its mean and median are 42 and 36 respectively. Find the coefficient of variation **[3 marks]**
- (d) Consider the following
 - Group One: 17, 19, 39, 20, 27, 26, 27
 - Group Two: 7, 33, 17, 27, 15, 22, 31
 Construct box plots of the distributions of the two groups on the same grid **[4 marks]**

QUESTION THREE

One hundred (100) closing prices on the National Stock Exchange (NSE) resulted in the distribution given below. The prices are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Class	20 - 25	25 - 30	30 – 35	35 - 40	40 - 45	45 - 50	50 - 55
Frequency	2	8	9	19	26	20	16

Determine the

- i. Mean using 37.5 as assumed mean **[3 marks]**
- ii. Median **[3 marks]**
- iii. Mode **[3 marks]**
- iv. Standard deviation **[4 marks]**
- v. Coefficient of variation **[2 marks]**



QUESTION FOUR

- (a) Two machines A and B produce 60% and 50% respectively of the total output of a factory. Of the parts produced by machine A, 3% are defective and of the parts introduced by machine B, 5% are defective. A part is selected at random from a day’s production and found to be defective. What is the probability that it came from machine A **[6 marks]**
- (b) Suppose events A and B are such that:
 $p(A) = \frac{1}{3}, p(B) = \frac{1}{3}$ and $p(A \cup B) = \frac{2}{5}$,
 Determine $p(A \cap B)$. Are A and B independent? **[4 marks]**
- (c) The mean mass of 150 students in a class is 60kg. The mean mass of boys is 70kg, and that of girls is 55kg. Find the number of boys and the number of girls in this class **[5 marks]**

QUESTION FIVE

A director of a multinational company gave a written interview to 100 candidates. The marks scored, out of 100, were distributed as shown below

Marks	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80
Frequency	4	16	27	32	15	4	2

Find

- i. The mean and standard deviation **[6 marks]**
- ii. The 80th percentile **[2 marks]**
- iii. The pass mark if 30 % of the candidates were to fail **[2 marks]**
- iv. The minimum number of marks required to obtain grade A if only 5 candidates were to get A **[2 marks]**
- v. How many candidates were to pass if the pass mark was set at 25 marks **[3 marks]**



QUESTION SIX

(a) What is regression analysis? **[2 marks]**

(b) Explain each term in the linear regression model,

$$y_i = a + bx_i + e_i$$
[2 marks]

(c) Define the coefficient of determination in terms of coefficient of correlation (r). What is the interpretation of a given value of coefficient of determination **[3 marks]**

(d) The data below shows the scores obtained by ten students in a statistics class in the mid-term and final examination.

Student	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Mid-term (x)	98	66	100	96	88	45	76	60	74	82
Final (y)	90	74	98	88	80	62	78	74	86	80

i. Determine the least-squares regression line which may be used to predict final examination scores from the mid-term score. **[6 marks]**

ii. Estimate the final examination score for a student with a score of 70 in the mid-term. **[2 marks]**

